

Program: CET Barcelona Course Code / Title: BC/FILM 340 Women Filmmakers in Spain Contact Hours: 45 Recommended Credits: 3 Primary Discipline / Suggested Cross Listings: Film Studies / Spanish Studies, Gender Studies, History Language of Instruction: English Prerequisites / Requirements: None

Description

This course explores the contributions of women filmmakers to Spanish cinema, examining their creative strategies and the social, political, and cultural themes they address. Through the works of directors such as Pilar Miró, Isabel Coixet, and Carla Simón, students will analyze key films that challenge traditional narratives and present diverse perspectives on gender, identity, and contemporary Spanish society. The course emphasizes critical thinking and analysis and academic and journalistic writing, integrating film screenings, readings, and class discussions. Students will engage with feminist film theory, Spanish history, and cinematic techniques to deepen their understanding of the unique voice of women in the Spanish film, as well as the systemic obstacles that jeopardize their success in the Spanish film industry. By the end of the course, students will enhance their ability to write insightful, research-based essays and specialized journalistic pieces, develop a nuanced appreciation of Spanish women filmmakers, and critically evaluate the intersection of gender and cinematic expression.

Objectives

Through their participation in this course, students will:

- Gain insight into the historical and cultural contexts influencing the careers and creative works of women filmmakers in Spain.
- Explore the contributions of Spanish women filmmakers to cinema and their impact on cultural and social discourse.
- Analyze films by Spanish women directors, focusing on themes like gender, identity, and societal change.
- Apply feminist film theory to the works of Spanish women filmmakers.
- Develop critical thinking and academic writing skills through in-depth analysis of films, texts, and scholarly materials.
- Write well-researched and persuasive essays showcasing an understanding of film as a cultural and artistic medium.



- Engage in evidence-based discussions on film's societal and genderrelated implications, including controversial aspects of the Spanish film industry.
- Enhance their research, analytical writing, and strategic communication techniques from an intersectional perspective.

Requirements

This course uses a combination of guided lectures (flipped classroom), in-class debates and discussions, written assignments, student presentations, field studies, and company visits in order to merge a first-hand experience, academic learning and critical thinking to better understand the current situation of women filmmakers in Spain and their importance for Spanish film industry, culture, and history. Active participation is essential in this course. Students are expected to attend each class and field study course component, as outlined in the CET Attendance Policy. Students are expected to read all assigned materials (20-30 pages per class session) before class and come ready to engage in class discussions. Students are expected to watch the required films in advance according to the course's calendar. The assigned films are available with English subtitles in different streaming platforms catalogues in Spain, mainly in Netflix. Additionally, DVD copies will be available for screening for those who cannot access those platforms. The professor reserves their right to change the selected films as needed.

All assignments must be submitted via Canvas unless otherwise noted.

Graded assignments include:

- **Participation:** Students are expected to engage in class discussion, dialogue and debate with their classmates and the professor, and raise relevant questions. Students are encouraged to express their opinions in class with the professor and the other students, always with a tolerant and respectful tone to create an inclusive environment for everyone. Class participation will request students to engage with Spanish media and culture by watching, reading, and/or listening to different academic and advertising products that will often need to be analyzed through the lens of justice, diversity, equity, and inclusion. A detailed rubric of participation assessment can be found below.
- **Guided class discussion:** With the support of the professor, students will be asked to guide and moderate one of the in-class debates or discussions, by briefly presenting a critical analysis of one of the materials to their classmates, encouraging discussion and raising relevant and thoughtful questions to help create a welcoming environment for reflection.



- Written reports: Students will write individual reports (around 1,500 words each) every two weeks, in the form of brief academic essays or journalistic pieces, analyzing and reflecting on the course topics. Those assignments may deal with field study visits, guest speakers, company visits, or product analysis and, when some of them may be more academic essays, others will belong to journalistic genres such as critiques, columns, or specialized newspaper features. These reports will be submitted as a draft and reviewed by the professor. Students will receive timely feedback, which will be sent back to them for revision before the final submission deadline. Only the final submission will be graded, as the draft is a tool for students' writing improvement.
- Group project: This final project offers students a hands-on opportunity to apply theoretical knowledge to practical challenges in specialized film journalistic writing. Working in groups of 2–3 people, students will research and prepare to interview a Spanish filmmaker connected to the topics covered during the course. Each group will receive contact information for CIMA (Women Filmmakers and Audiovisual Media Association), local film schools in Barcelona, and other relevant organizations and will be responsible for scheduling the interview. To successfully complete the assignment, students must conduct thorough research on their chosen course-related themes, the filmmaker's background and work, and the current status of Spanish cinema for women, particularly in Barcelona. This research must be evident in the interview, demonstrating respect for the filmmaker's expertise and achievements.

The project will assess students' research quality, understanding of the host culture, and the filmmaker's contributions, as well as the depth, relevance, and professionalism of the interview. Additionally, the final product—written or recorded—must effectively communicate the insights gained during the process. The assessment for this project will be split into three aspects: research skills and knowledge about the author (30%), analysis and understanding of the author's work (35%) and writing and communication skills (35%).

In the event that students are not successfully able to contact a filmmaker and perform the interview, they will be able to submit an alternative interview to one of the filmmakers whose work is covered during the course. To do this, they will need to write both the questions and answers, as well as a robust introduction for the interview. Deep research and understanding of the author are expected, including reading additional literature to improve and expand their knowledge on the author's context and work.



Grading

Class participation	15%	
Guided class discussion		20%
Written reports (5 at 7%)	35%	
Group project		30%

Class Participation Grading Rubric

	A – 90-100% Exemplary	B – 80-89% Proficient	C – 70-79% Developing	D – 60-69% Unacceptable	F – 0-59% Missing
Frequency of class participati on	Actively contributes 2+ times per meeting	Actively contributes at least 1 time per meeting	Actively contributes at least half of the time during term	Actively contributes less than half of the time during term	Does not contribute
Quality of class participati on*	Contribution is always thoughtful, accurate, and constructive, frequently interacting with peers	Contribution is mostly thoughtful, accurate, and constructive, usually interacting with peers	Contribution is somewhat thoughtful, accurate, and constructive, sometimes interacting with peers	Contribution is rarely thoughtful, accurate, and constructive, rarely interacting with peers	Does not contribute or interact with peers
Level of class preparatio n	Always fully prepared and on task	Mostly prepared and on task	Somewhat prepared and on task	Rarely prepared and on task	Consistently unprepared and not on task



Readings & Resources

Bernabo, L. (2021). Whitewashing diverse voices: (de)constructing race and ethnicity in Spanish-language television dubbing. *Media, Culture & Society*, *43*(7), 1297–1310. https://doi.org/10.1177/0163443721999932

Braudy Cohen Marshall, L. (2009). *Film theory and criticism : introductory readings*. Oxford Univ. Press.

Clover, C. (1993). *Men, Women and Chain Saws. Gender in the Modern Horror Film*. Princeton University Press.

D'Lugo, M., & Smith, P. J. (2012). Auteurism and the Construction of the Canon. In J. Labany & T. Pavlovic (Eds.), *A Companion to Spanish Cinema* (pp. 113– 151). Blackwell Publishing Ltd. https://doi.org/10.1002/9781118322765.ch5

Gamman, L., & Marshment, M. (Eds.). (1989). *The Female Gaze: Women As Viewers Of Popular Culture*. Real Comet Press.

Gil, F. (2016). Exemplary Women: The Use of Film and Censorship as a Means of Moral Indoctrination during the Franco Dictatorship in Spain. *Journal of Popular Culture*, *49*(4). https://doi.org/10.1111/jpcu.12442

Higginbotham, V. (1988). Spanish Film Under Franco. In *Spanish Film Under Franco*. https://doi.org/10.7560/775916

Hill Collins, P., & Bilge, S. (2020). Intersectionality (2nd ed.). Polity Press.

hooks, bell. (1992). The Oppositional Gaze: Black Female Spectators. In *Black Looks: Race and Representation* (pp. 115–131). South End Press.

Jordan, B., & Morgan-Tamosunas, R. (2000). *Contemporary Spanish Cultural Studies*. Arnold.

Kinder, M. (1983). The children of Franco in the new Spanish cinema. *Quarterly Review of Film Studies*, *8*(2). https://doi.org/10.1080/10509208309361157

Kristeva, J. (1982). *Powers of Horror: An Essay on Abjection*. Columbia University Press.

Labanyi, J., & Pavlović, T. (2012). A Companion to Spanish Cinema. In *A Companion to Spanish Cinema*. https://doi.org/10.1002/9781118322765

Mulvey, L. (1975). Visual Pleasure and Narrative Cinema. *Screen*, *16*(3), 6–18. https://doi.org/10.1093/screen/16.3.6



Sharrett, C. (2017). The Horror Film as Social Allegory (And How it Comes Undone). In H. M. Benshoff (Ed.), *A Companion to the Horror Film*. Wiley Blackwell.

Williams, L. (1984). When the Woman Looks. In M. A. Doane, P. Mellencamp, & L. Williams (Eds.), *Re-vision: Essays in Feminist Film Criticism* (Vol. 3). American Film Institute Monograph Series.

Williams, L. (2001). When Women Look: A Sequel. Senses of Cinema.

Content

Introduction to academic research and journalism writing: How do we write a good essay?

Unit 1: History of Spanish Film with a gender perspective

- Early Beginnings: Spanish media in early 20th century
- Civil War: Women and war journalism and film
- Dictatorship: Women in Francoism
 - Writing tips: critical essay
- Transition and early Democracy
 - Screening: El crimen de Cuenca (Pilar Miró, 1980)
- 21st century
 - Screening: Requisitos para ser una persona normal (Leticia Dolera, 2015)

Unit 2: Film Criticism and Aesthetic Contributions

- Feminist Film Theory: Key Concepts and Frameworks
 - Writing tips: audiovisual analysis
- Narrative and Visual Strategies in Women's Cinema: Identification and male gaze
 - Screening: No estás sola, la lucha contra La Manada (Almudena Carracedo y Robert Bahar, 2024)
- Genre Exploration: Romantic Comedy, Documentary, and Horror Film
 - Screening: Cerdita (Carlota Pereda, 2022)

Unit 3: The Spanish Film Industry and Gender Inequalities

- The Role of Women in Spanish Film Production and Direction
 Writing tips: Film critique
- Institutional Support: CIMA and Advocacy for Gender Equality
 - Screening: La vida secreta de las palabras (Isabel Coixet, 2005)
- Challenges in the Industry: Funding, Distribution, and Recognition
 - Screening: Te doy mis ojos (Icíar Bolláin, 2003)



- Comparative Analysis: Spain and Other Global Cinematic Industries

 Screening: ¡Salta! (Olga Osorio, 2023)
- Strategies for Change: Emerging Voices and Industry Movements

Unit 4: Intersectionality in Spanish Women's Cinema

- Intersecting Identities: Race, Class, and Gender in Film
 Writing tips: Newspaper feature
- Representations of Migrant and Marginalized Communities
 - Screening: Alcarràs (Carla Simón, 2022)
- Rural vs. Urban Narratives in Women's Filmmaking
 - Screening: La novia (Paula Ortiz, 2015)
- Case Studies: Exploring Intersectional Themes in Spanish Cinema

Unit 5: Queer Representation and the LGBTQA+ Community

- Queer Filmmakers and Storytelling in Spain
 - Writing tips: The interview
- Exploring Gender and Sexuality in Women-Directed Films
 - Screening: Carmen y Lola (Arantxa Echevarría, 2018)
- Breaking Stereotypes: LGBTQ+ Characters and Narratives

 Screening: Todo lo otro (1x01+1x02) (Abril Zamora, 2021)
- The Role of Women Filmmakers in Advancing LGBTQ+ Rights
- Case Studies: LGBTQ+ Themes in Spanish Women's Cinema

Field study and experiential learning components may include:

- Afroféminas
- Ateneu del Raval
- Visit to TV3
- Gremi de Cinemes de Catalunya
- CIMA
- Ca la Dona
- Walking Tour of Spanish Women History (Barcelona Other Eyes Tour)
- Women's Library in Barcelona
- Associació Dona i Cinema
- Dones Visuals



* Syllabus is subject to minor changes in term-specific syllabus at instructor discretion.